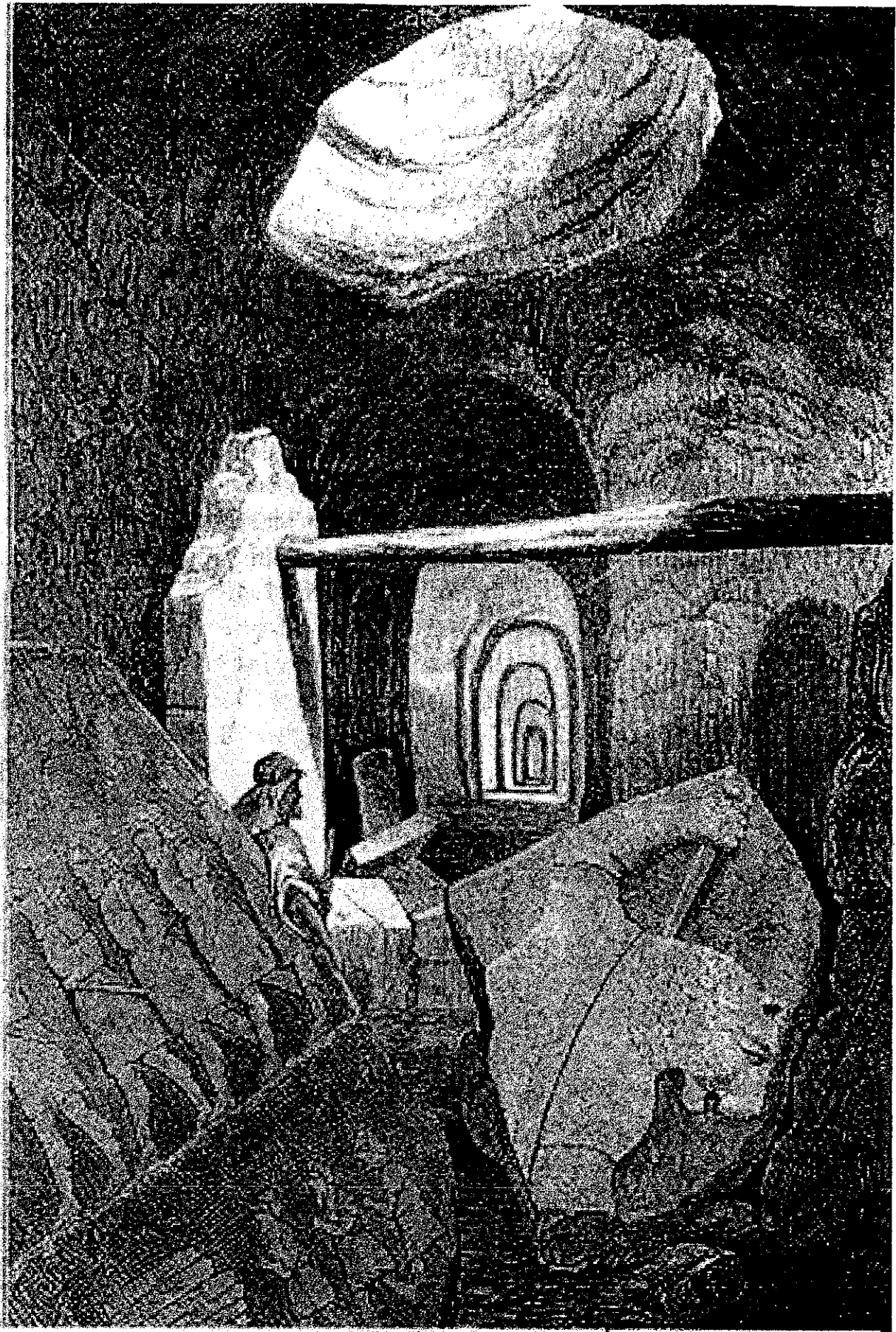




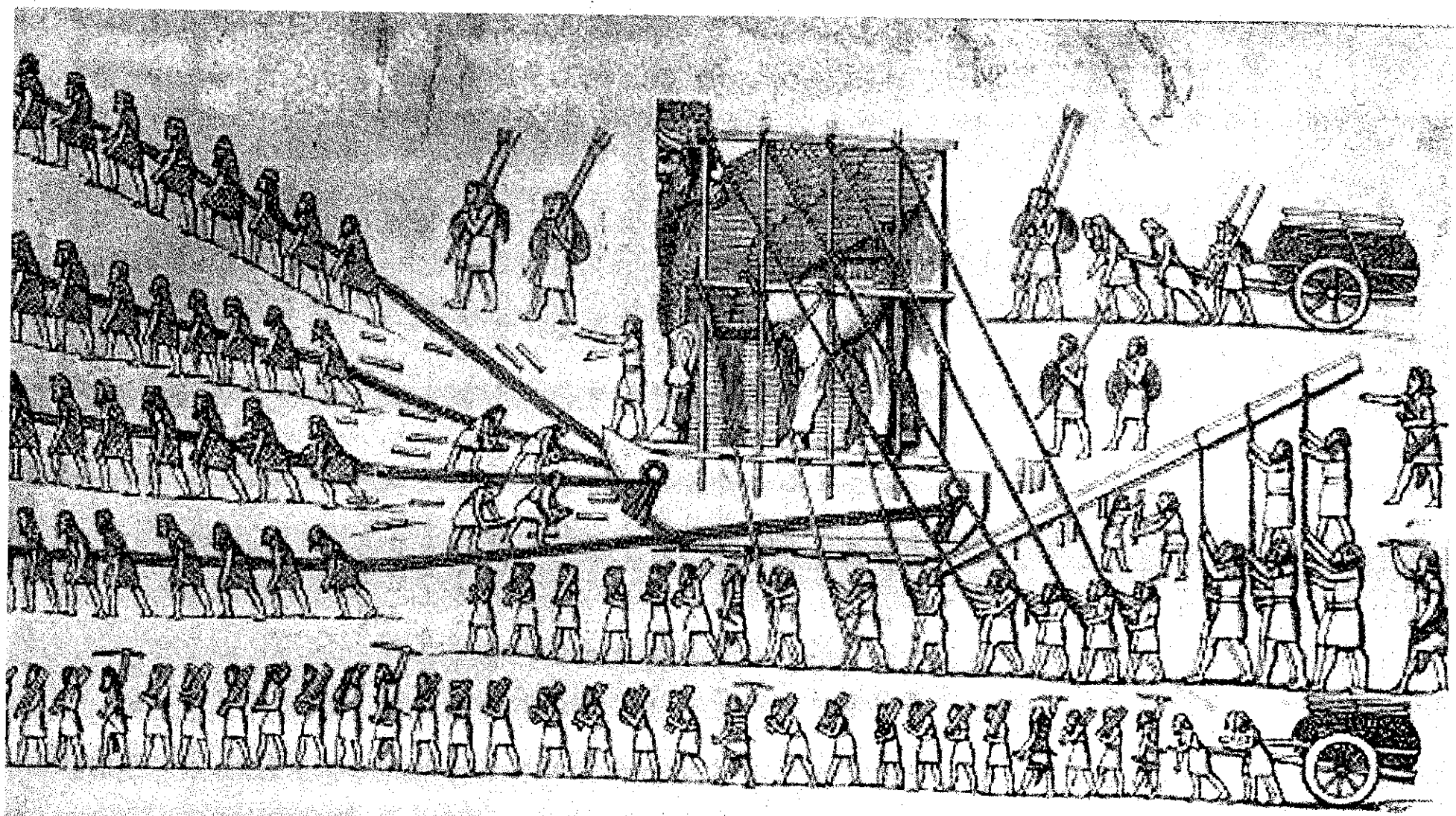
Sheikh Mohammed Emin



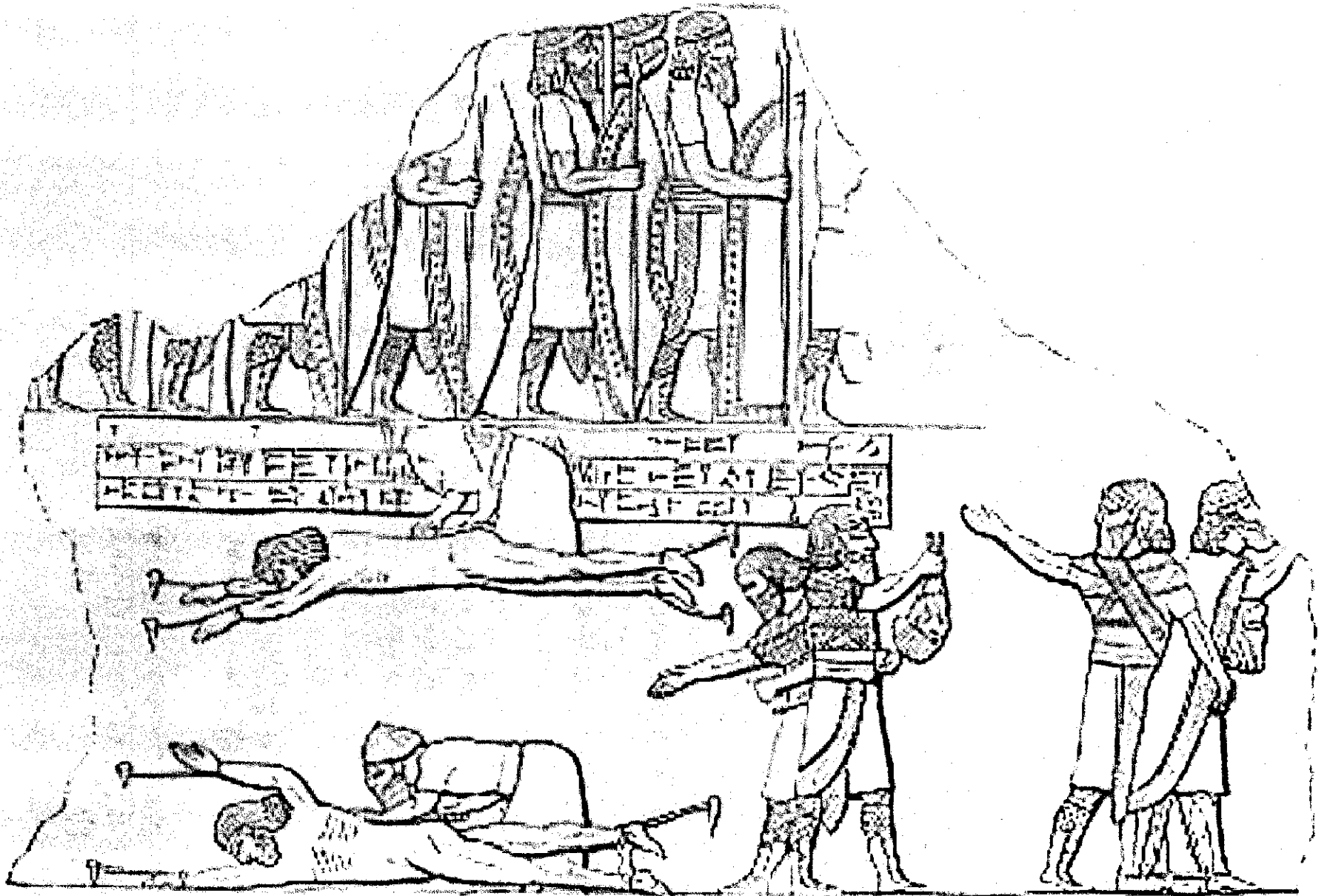
Excavation at Kouyunjik



Entrance Passage, Kōyūnjikō.

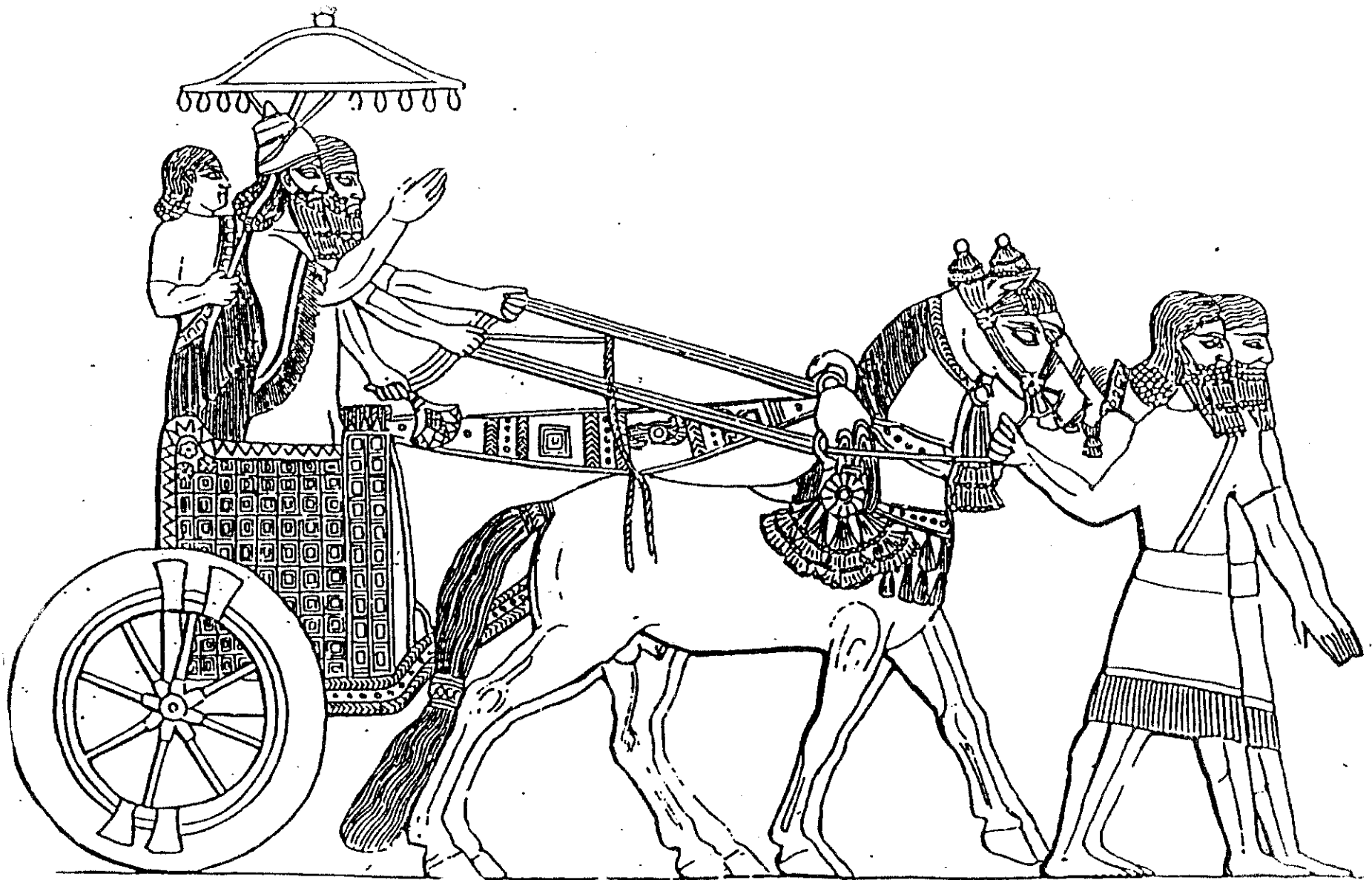


Assyrians placing a human-headed Bull (partly restored from a Bas-relief at Kouyunjik)

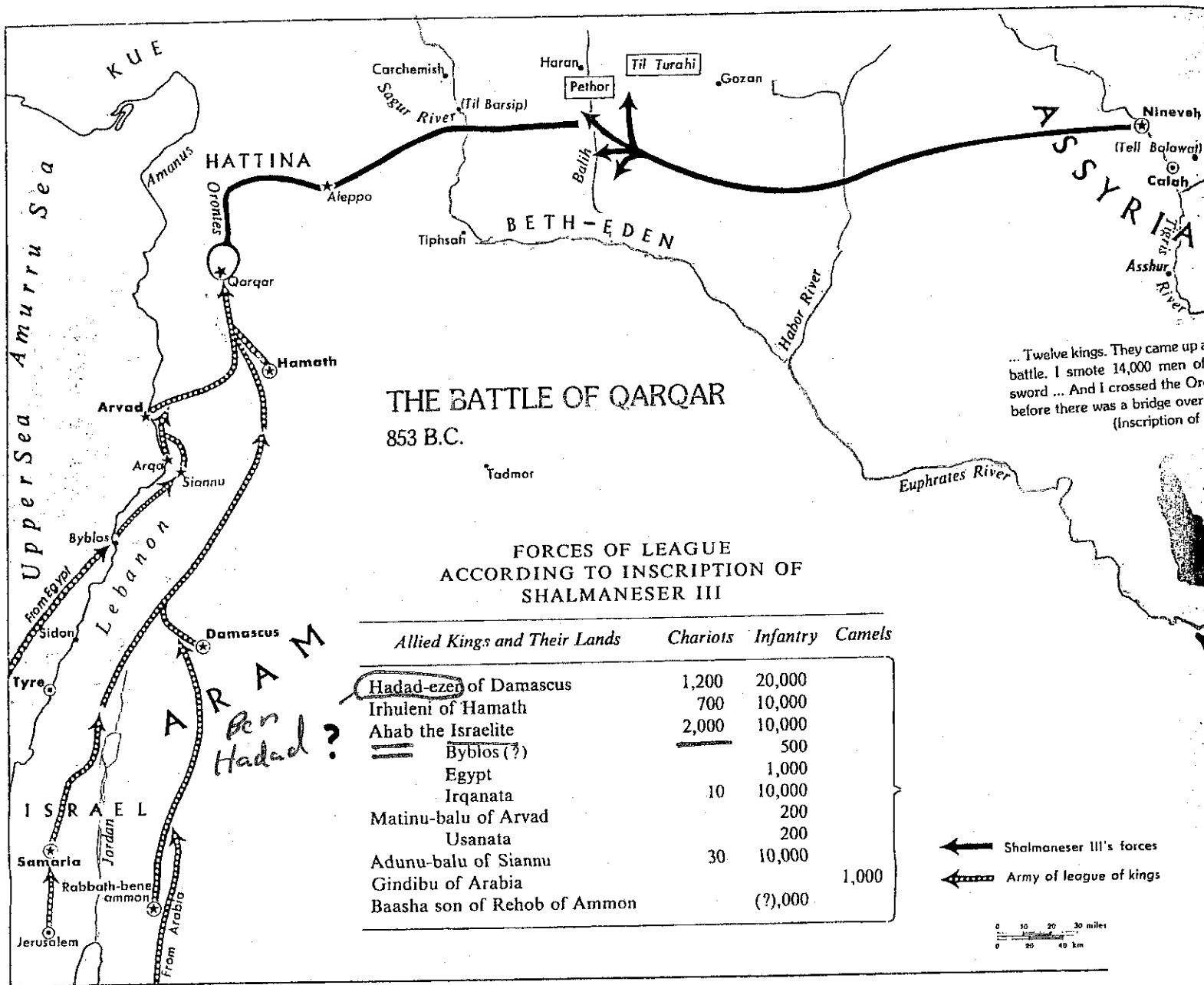


**Assyrians flaying their Prisoners alive, and carrying away
Heads of the Slain (Kouyunjik).**

= Nineveh



Tiglath-Pileser at Calah (Nimrud)



THE BATTLE OF QARQAR
853 B.C.

**FORCES OF LEAGUE
ACCORDING TO INSCRIPTION OF
SHALMANESER III**

Allied Kings and Their Lands	Chariots	Infantry	Camels
Hadad-ezer of Damascus	1,200	20,000	
Irhuleni of Hamath	700	10,000	
Ahab the Israelite	2,000	10,000	
Byblos (?)		500	
Egypt		1,000	
Irqanata	10	10,000	
Matinu-balu of Arvad		200	
Usanata		200	
Adunu-balu of Siannu	30	10,000	
Gindibu of Arabia			1,000
Baasha son of Rehob of Ammon		(?)	000

... Twelve kings. They came up against me for a decisive battle. I smote 14,000 men of their armies with the sword ... And I crossed the Orontes over their bodies, before there was a bridge over it.
(Inscription of Shalmaneser III, Kurch)

← Shalmaneser III's forces
 ← Army of league of kings



1 KINGS 22:1; MONUMENT, SHALMANESER III — CALAH

Kings of Israel and Judah in Assyrian Royal Inscriptions

	KING	DATE	ASSYRIAN KING	SOURCE	TRANSLATION	CONTEXT
ISRAEL	AHAB (a-ḥa-ab-bu)	853	Shalmaneser III	Kurkh Stele	ANET 279	Battle of Qarqar
	JEHU (ya-ú-a)	841	Shalmaneser III	Black Obelisk	ANET 281	Paid Tribute
	JOASH (ya-'a-su)	796	Adad-nirari III	Tell al-Rimah Stele	ANET 281f	Paid Tribute
	MENAHEM (me-ni-ḥi-im-me)	738	Tiglath-pileser III	Annals	ANET 283	Paid Tribute
	PEKAH (pa-qa-ḥa)	732	Tiglath-pileser III	Nimrud Tablet	ANET 284	Overthrown
	HOSHEA (a-ú-si-')	732	Tiglath-pileser III	Nimrud Tablet	ANET 284	Put on Throne
JUDAH	AHAZ (ya-ú-ḥa-zi)	732	Tiglath-pileser III	Nimrud Slab	ANET 282	Paid Tribute
	HEZEKIAH (ḥa-za-qi-ya-ú)	701	Sennacherib	Annals	ANET 287f	Paid Tribute
	MANASSEH (me-na-si-i)	674	Esarhaddon	Prism	ANET 291	Paid Tribute
	MANASSEH (mi-in-se-e)	unknown	Ashurbanipal	Prism C	ANET 294	Paid Tribute

Omri indirectly

*cities
Samarra
Jerusalem*

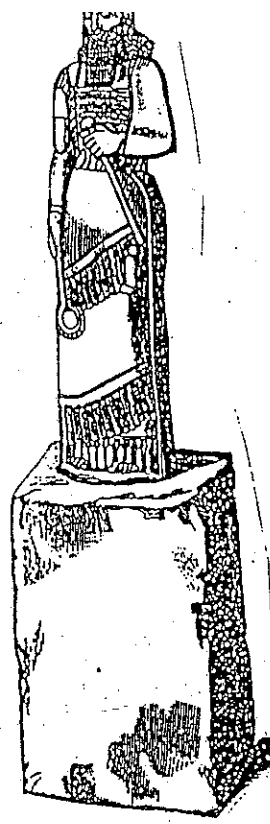
Derived from A. Millard, "Israelite and Aramaean History in the Light of Inscriptions," *Tyndale Bulletin* 41-2 (1990): 271-73.
ANET = James Pritchard, *Ancient Near Eastern Texts*, 3d ed. (Princeton University Press, 1969).

Major Neo-Assyrian Campaigns in Syro-Palestine

DATE	ASSYRIAN KING	MAJOR TARGETS	RESULTS
877	Ashur-nasirpal II	Tyre—Sidon—Byblos	Collection of tribute
853	Shalmaneser III	Battle of Qarqar against western coalition	Assyrian expansion halted
841	Shalmaneser III	Damascus—Megiddo—Tyre—Sidon	Stele erected on Mt. Carmel Jehu paid tribute
805	Adad-nirari III	Damascus	Damascus captured Joash paid tribute
743-738	Tiglath-pileser III	Campaigned against Urartians in N. Syria	Damascus and Menahem of Israel paid tribute
734	Tiglath-pileser III	Acco—Aphék—Gezer—Gaza—Ashkelon	Ahaz probably paid tribute
733	Tiglath-pileser III	Hazor—Megiddo	Most of northern kingdom of Israel annexed
732	Tiglath-pileser III	Damascus	Samaria submits Hoshea placed on throne
724-722	Shalmaneser V and Sargon ?	Tyre—Shechem—Samaria	Fall of Samaria Remainder of Israel annexed
720	Sargon II	Hamath—Philistia—Tyre	Hamath, Gaza, and Tyre conquered Judah and Egypt paid tribute
712	Sargon II	Damascus—Beth-shan—Megiddo—Ashdod	Ashdod annexed Hezekiah paid tribute
701	Sennacherib	Tyre—Ekron—Gath—Lachish—Jerusalem	Slaughter of Assyrians outside Jerusalem



Assyrians cutting down the Palm Trees belonging to a captured City (Kouyunjik).



Sennacherib on his Throne before Lachish.



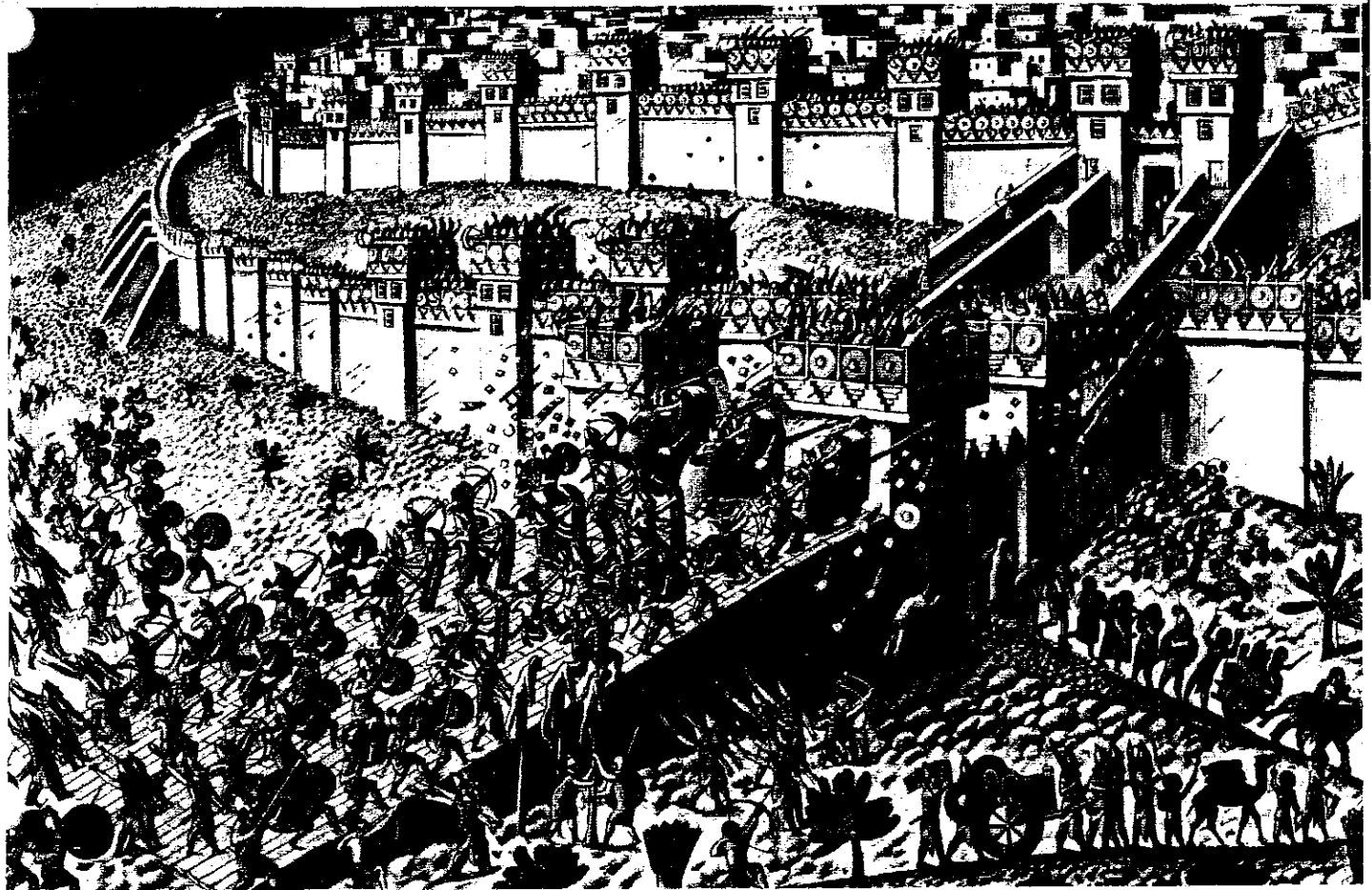
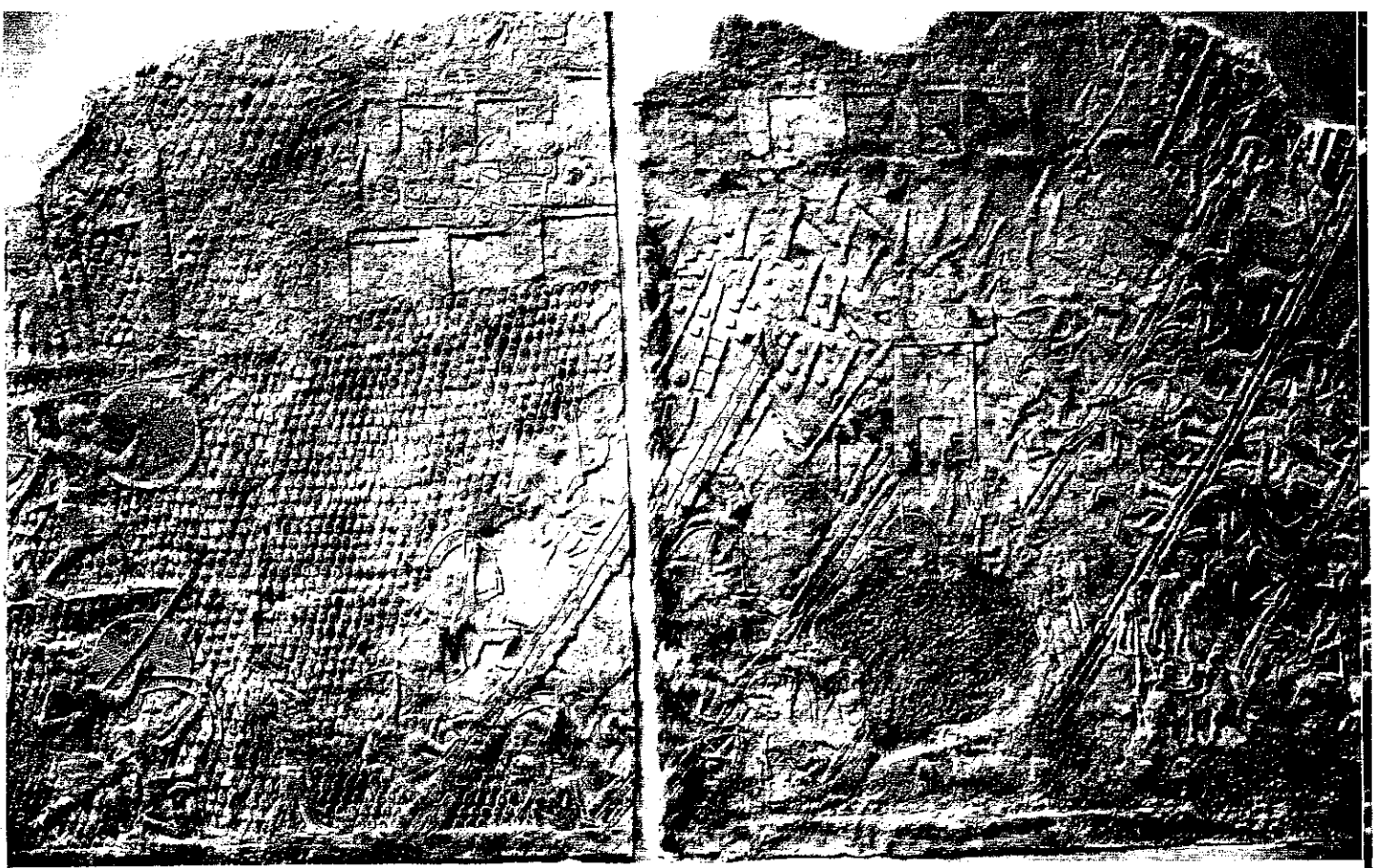
Fish-God, at Entrance to small (Nimroud).

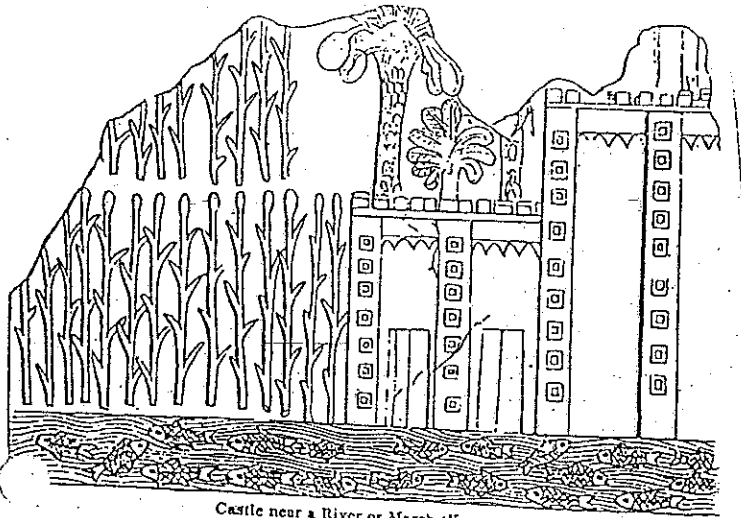
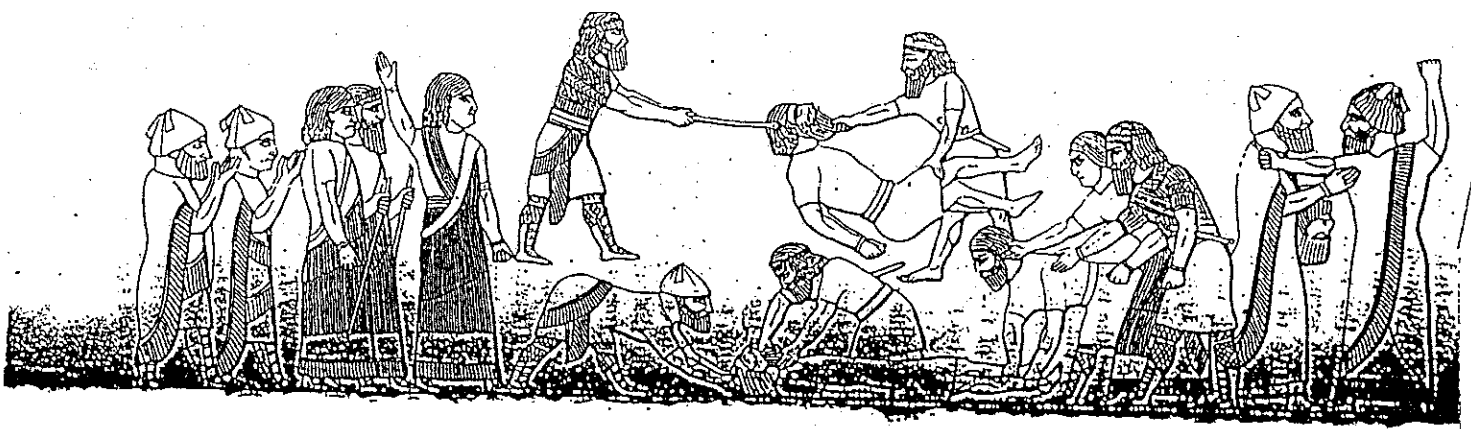


Bas-relief, representing Pul, or Tiglath Pileser (Nimroud.)

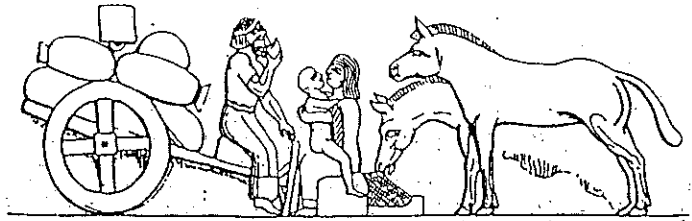


Musicians and Singers coming out to meet the Conquerors (Kouyunjik).





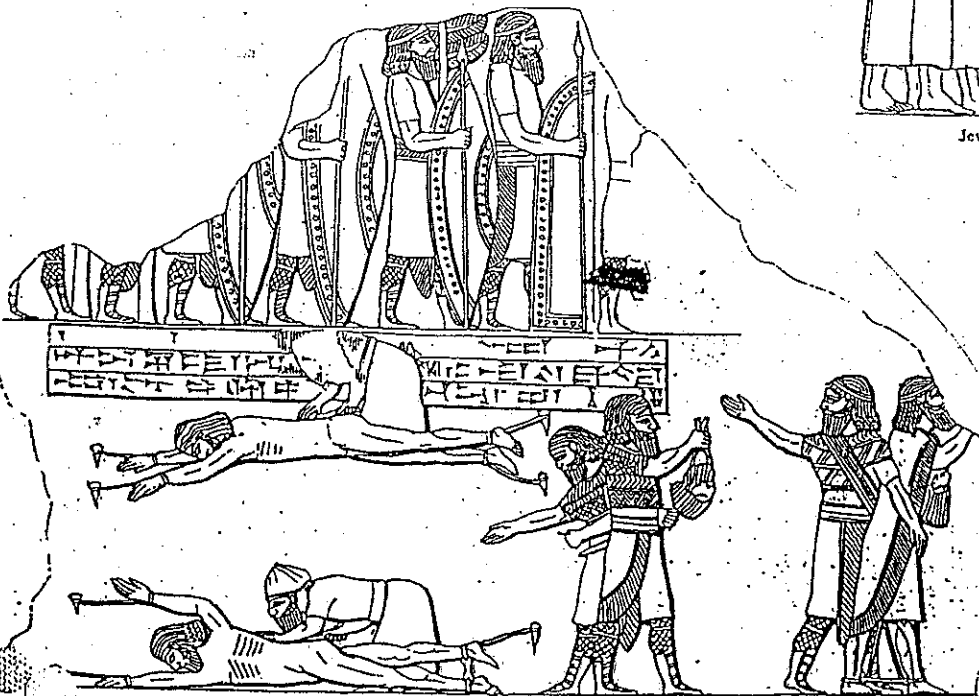
Castle near a River or Marsh (Kouyunjik)



Captives resting (Kouyunjik).



Jewish Captives from Lachish (Kouyunjik).



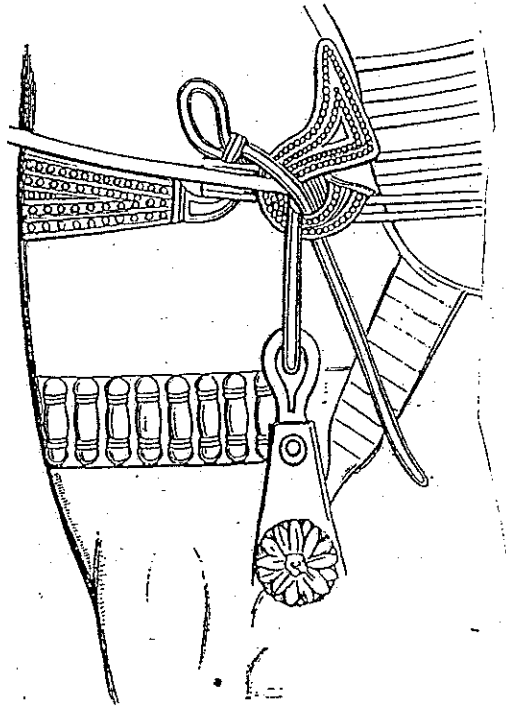
Assyrians flaying their Prisoners alive, and carrying away Hoards of the Slain (Kouyunjik).



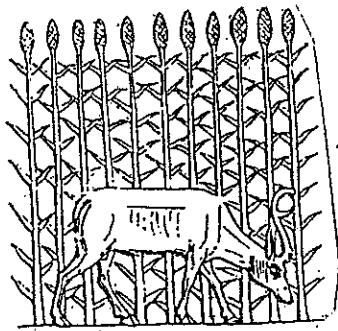
Colossal Figures at an Entrance (Kouyunjik) Tunic of Figures of site Sculpt



Chariot, with circular Shield attached (Kouyunjik).



Horse Trappings from a Bas-relief at Kouyunjik, showing probable use of Ivory Studs and Metal Rosettes.

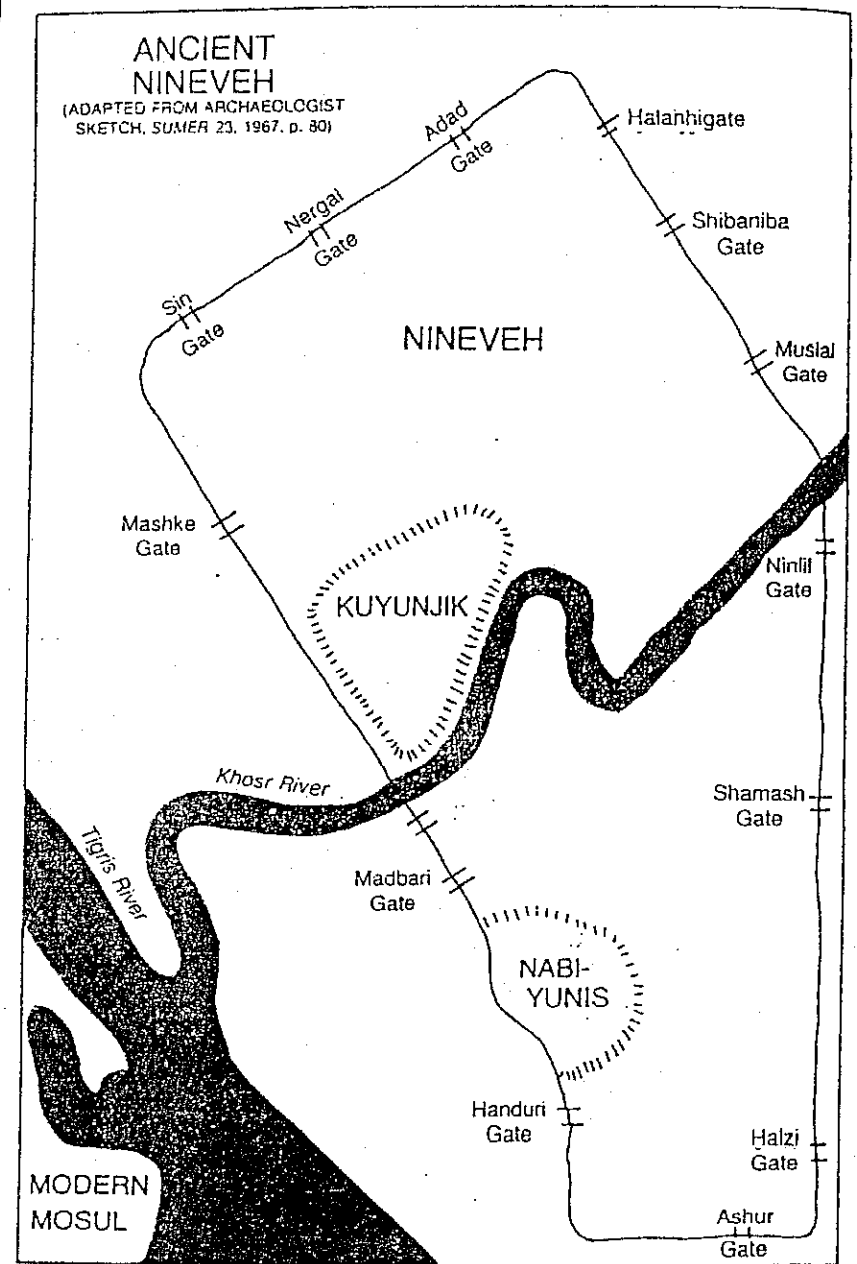
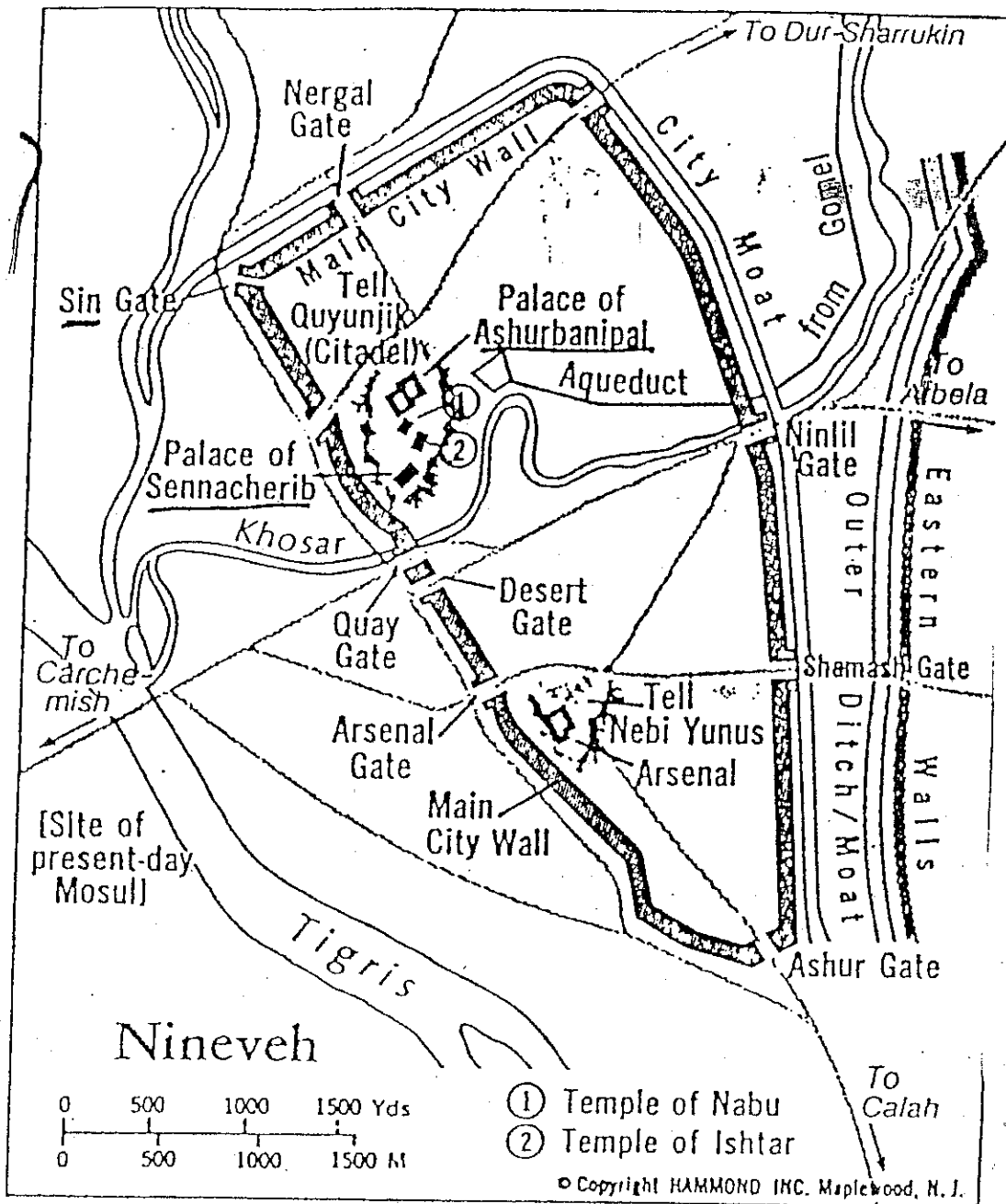


Stag (Kouyunjik).



Attendants carrying Pomegranates and Locusts (Kouyunjik).





Austen Henry Layard

- 1849 Henry Layard, *Nineveh and Its Remains*
- 1852 Henry Layard, *A Popular Account of Discoveries of Nineveh*
- 1853 Henry Layard, *Discoveries in Ruins of Nineveh and Babylon*
- 1894 Henry Layard, *Early Adventures in Persia, ^{Susiana} ~~Susiana~~, and Babylonia. Including a residence among the Bakhtiyari and other wild tribes before the discovery of Nineveh*
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- 1963 Gordon Waterfield, *Layard of Nineveh* (London: John Murray Co).
- 1964 Nora Benjamin Kubie, *Road to Nineveh* (Doubleday)
- 1980 A. C. Brackman, *The Luck of Nineveh* (London: Methuon)
- 1996 Mogens Trolle Larsen, *The Conquest of Assyria* (ISBN 0-415-14356-X)
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